

## Sierra Tactical Risk Spectrum 70 Fund

Class A Shares SRSBX
Class C Shares SRSKX
Investor Class SRSNX
Instl Class SRSJX

Summary Prospectus January 29, 2024

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. The Fund's prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, both dated January 29, 2024, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can obtain these documents and other information about the Fund online at <a href="https://sierramutualfunds.com/documents">https://sierramutualfunds.com/documents</a>. You can also obtain these documents at no cost by calling 1-866-738-4363 or by sending an email request to OrderSierra@ultimusfundsolutions.com.

**Investment Objectives:** The Fund's two investment objectives are to provide long-term total return (the combination of yield and net price gains from the underlying funds) and to limit volatility and downside risk.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund: This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial intermediary and in **How to Purchase Shares** on page 14 of the Prospectus and in **Purchase, Redemption and Pricing of Shares** on page 52 of the Statement of Additional Information.

Shareholder Fees	Class	Class	Investor	Instl				
(fees paid directly from your investment)	Α	С	Class	Class				
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a % of offering price)	3.75%	None	None	None				
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a % of the lower of purchase price or redemption proceeds)	1.00%	None	None	None				
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and other Distributions	None	None	None	None				
Redemption Fee (as a % of amount redeemed, if applicable)	None	None	None	None				
Annual Fund Operating Expenses								
(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)								
Management Fees	1.05%	1.05%	1.05%	1.05%				
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	0.40%	None				
Other Expenses	1.54%	1.54%	1.54%	1.54%				
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	0.29%	0.29%	0.29%	0.29%				
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	3.13%	3.88%	3.28%	2.88%				
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement <sup>(2)</sup>	(1.28)%	(1.28)%	(1.28)%	(1.28)%				
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expenses Reimbursement	1.85%	2.60%	2.00%	1.60%				

- (1) Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are the estimated average indirect costs of investing in other investment companies (the "Underlying Funds"). The operating expenses in this fee table will not correlate to the expense ratio in the Fund's financial highlights because the financial statements include only the direct operating expenses incurred by the Fund.
- (2) Ocean Park Asset Management, LLC, has contractually agreed to waive management fees and to make payments to limit Fund expenses, until at least January 31, 2025 so that the total annual operating expenses (exclusive of any (i) front end or contingent deferred loads, (ii) brokerage fees and commissions, (iii) acquired fund fees and expenses, (iv) fees and expenses associated with investments including investments in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (for example options fees and expenses); (v) borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short); (vi) taxes; and (vii) extraordinary expenses, such as litigation expenses (which may include indemnification of Fund officers and Trustees, contractual indemnification of Fund service providers (other than the Adviser))) do not exceed 1.56%, 2.31%, 1.71% and 1.31% of average daily net assets attributable to Class A, Class C, Investor Class and Instl Class, respectively. These fee waivers and expense reimbursements are subject to possible recoupment from the Fund in future years on a rolling three-year basis (within the three years from the date when the amount is waived or reimbursed) if such recoupment can be achieved within the lesser of the foregoing expense limits or the then-current expense limits. This agreement may be terminated only by the Fund's Board of Trustees, on 60 days written notice to Ocean Park Asset Management, LLC.

**Example:** This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The Example assumes the impact of the fee waiver in 1 Year example. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based upon these assumptions your costs would be:

Class	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A	\$556	\$1,189	\$1,846	\$3,599
Class C	\$263	\$1,067	\$1,888	\$4,024
Investor Class	\$203	\$890	\$1,602	\$3,489
Instl Class	\$163	\$771	\$1,405	\$3,113

**Portfolio Turnover:** The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal period, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 99% of the average value of its portfolio.

**Principal Investment Strategies:** The Sierra Tactical Risk Spectrum 70 Fund (the "Fund") is a "fund of funds". Ocean Park Asset Management, LLC (the "Adviser") seeks to achieve the Fund's investment objective by investing in a combination of unaffiliated mutual funds and exchange traded funds ("ETFs"), (collectively, "Underlying Funds").

Among the types of underlying instruments in which this Fund will invest, through Underlying Funds, are the following:

- U.S. common stocks
- Foreign common stocks, including from emerging markets
- · U.S. fixed income securities
- Foreign fixed income securities, including from emerging markets
- High yield (or "junk) corporate bonds
- Preferred stock
- Municipal bonds
- Physical commodities, such as crude oil, copper and wheat, through mutual funds and ETFs that invest in commodity-linked derivatives

Under normal market conditions, the Fund's target exposure over a three-year period to equity securities, of any market capitalization, through the Underlying Funds will average between 50%-70% of the Fund's assets. The Fund does not have a target allocation for non-equity securities exposure and may invest in underlying fixed income funds without constraint as to maturity or credit quality. The Adviser may make changes in the target allocations across asset classes and fund categories, and the specific Underlying Funds in the Fund's portfolio that in its view would be in the best interest of the Fund. The Fund considers high-yield corporate bonds ("junk bonds") to be those that are rated lower than Baa3 by Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") or lower than BBB- by Standard and Poor's Rating Group ("S&P").

The Adviser constructs the Fund's portfolio by quantitatively analyzing all Underlying Funds to identify those that exhibit the most attractive trends and have been given a "buy" signal under the Adviser's proprietary investment process.

The Adviser does not employ a passive "buy and hold," strategy. As part of its integrated risk-management disciplines, the Adviser monitors each Fund holding daily and applies a trailing stop discipline (a form of sell signal) to each Underlying Fund in the Fund's portfolio. The Adviser employs a trailing stop discipline which adjusts the sell signal level as the price of a holding rises and is calculated as a percentage or dollar amount below the market price. When the price of a holding decreases by a certain percentage or dollar amount, the Adviser sells the holding in an attempt to protect profits and minimize further impact on the portfolio. A trailing stop discipline is a type of stop calculation managed by the Adviser that rises each day as the price of the underlying security rises, and thus "trails" the price movement. When any Underlying Fund declines in price enough to generate a "Sell signal" the Adviser either sells the Underlying Fund or hedges by purchasing an inverse Underlying Fund.

The buy and sell disciplines are not designed to attempt to buy at lows or to sell at highs, but to seek to participate in a substantial part of any sustained uptrend in a selected asset class, as well as to step aside during most of any sustained downtrend. The Adviser employs a "reactive" approach, meaning it reacts with discipline to actual reversals in price trends, as distinct from a "predictive" approach to market movements.

The Adviser may engage in frequent buying and selling of portfolio securities to achieve the Fund's investment objectives.

Principal Investment Risks: As with all mutual funds, there is the risk that you could lose money through your investment in the Fund. The Fund is not intended to be a complete investment program. Many factors affect the Fund's net asset value and performance.

Performance of the Fund during future periods will definitely vary. Some months and some quarters will result in negative performance; indeed, some future years may have negative performance.

- Commodity-Linked Derivative Risk. When the Fund invests in commodities through Underlying Funds that invest in commodity-linked derivative instruments the Fund is exposed to risks affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as drought, floods, and adverse regulatory developments. Commodity-linked derivatives may also have leverage risk, which amplifies the effect of a small movement in commodity prices on the Fund.
- Emerging Markets Risk. Underlying Funds may invest in emerging market countries. Investing in emerging markets involves not only the risks described below with respect to investing in foreign securities, but also other risks, including exposure to economic structures that are generally less diverse and mature, limited availability and reliability of information material to an investment decision, and exposure to political systems that can be expected to have less stability than those of developed countries. The market for the securities of issuers in emerging market typically is small, and a low or nonexistent trading volume in those securities may result in a lack of liquidity and price volatility.
- Equity Risk. The net asset value of the Fund will fluctuate based on changes in the value of the equity securities held by those Underlying Funds that invest in U.S. and/or foreign stocks. Equity prices can fall rapidly in response to developments affecting a specific company or industry, or to changing economic, political or market conditions.
- ETF Risk. Shares of ETFs may trade at a discount or a premium in market price if there is a limited market in such shares and are also subject to brokerage and other trading costs, which could result in greater expenses to the Fund. The index-tracking ETFs in which the Fund invests will not be able to replicate exactly the performance of the indices they track because the total return generated by the securities will be reduced by transaction costs incurred in adjusting the actual balance of the securities.
- Fixed-Income Risk. When the Fund invests in Underlying Funds that invest in fixed-income securities, the value of your investment in the Fund will generally decline when interest rates rise. Defaults by fixed income issuers in which the Underlying Funds invest may also harm performance.
- Foreign Risk. Foreign markets can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, economic developments or currency exchange rates and can perform differently from the U.S. market. The net asset value of the Fund will fluctuate based on changes in the value of the foreign securities held by any Underlying Funds that invest in such securities.
- Government Securities Risk. It is possible that the U.S. Government would not provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities if it is not required to do so by law. The ability of foreign governments to repay their obligations is adversely impacted by default, insolvency, bankruptcy or by political instability, including authoritarian and/or military involvement in governmental decision-making, armed conflict, civil war, social instability and the impact of these events and circumstances on a country's economy and its government's revenues.
- High Yield (Junk Bond) Risk. Underlying Fund investments in lower quality bonds, also known as "junk" bonds, present greater risk than bonds of higher quality, including an increased risk of default. An economic downturn or period of rising interest rates could adversely affect the market for these bonds and reduce liquidity in these bonds. High yield bonds are considered speculative and issuers are more sensitive to economic conditions than high quality issuers and more likely to seek bankruptcy protection which will delay resolution of bondholder claims and may eliminate liquidity.
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  considered speculative and issuers are more sensitive to economic conditions than high quality issuers and more
  likely to seek bankruptcy protection which will delay resolution of bondholder claims and may eliminate liquidity.
- Inverse Risk. The Fund engages in hedging or declining-market strategies by investing in inverse Underlying
  Funds. Any strategy that includes inverse securities could cause the Fund to suffer significant losses. The Fund
  will not participate in market gains to the extent it holds inverse Underlying Funds.
- Large Capitalization Risk. Large-cap companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges, such as changes in technology and consumer tastes, and also may not be able to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.

- Limited History of Operations Risk. The Fund is a new mutual fund and has a limited history of operations for investors to evaluate.
- Management Risk. The Adviser's dependence on its investment strategy and judgments about the attractiveness, value and potential appreciation of particular mutual funds and ETFs in which the Fund invests will in some cases prove to be incorrect and have negative impacts on performance.
- Market and Geopolitical Risk. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Fund may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, pandemics, epidemics, climate change or climate change related events, terrorism, international conflicts, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets. It is difficult to predict when similar events affecting the U.S. or global financial markets may occur, the effects that such events may have and the duration of those effects. Any such event(s) could have a significant adverse impact on the value and risk profile of the Fund. The COVID-19 global pandemic had negative impacts, and in many cases severe negative impacts, on markets worldwide. It is not known how long any future impacts of other significant events described above, will or would last, but there could be a prolonged period of global economic slowdown, which may impact your investment. Therefore, the Fund could lose money over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns. During a general market downturn, multiple asset classes may be negatively affected. Changes in market conditions and interest rates can have the same impact on all types of securities and instruments. In times of severe market disruptions you could lose your entire investment.
- Master Limited Partnership ("MLP") Risk. Investments in MLPs involve risks different from those of investing in common stock including risks related to limited control and limited rights to vote on matters affecting the MLP, risks related to potential conflicts of interest between an MLP and the MLP's general partner, cash flow risks, dilution risks and risks related to the general partner's limited call right. MLPs are generally considered interest-rate sensitive investments. During periods of interest rate volatility, these investments may not provide attractive returns. MLPs, typically, do not pay U.S. federal income tax at the partnership level. Instead, each partner is allocated a share of the partnership's income, gains, losses, deductions and expenses. A change in current tax law or in the underlying business mix of a given MLP could result in an MLP being treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which would result in such MLP being required to pay U.S. federal income tax on its taxable income. The classification of an MLP as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes would have the effect of reducing the amount of cash available for distribution by the MLP. Thus, if any of the MLPs owned by the Fund were treated as corporations for U.S. federal income tax purposes, it could result in a reduction of the value of your investment in the Fund and lower income, as compared to an MLP that is not taxed as a corporation.
- *Municipal Risk.* Municipal securities are subject to the risk that legislative changes and local and business developments may adversely affect the yield or value of the Fund's investments in such securities.
- Portfolio Turnover Risk. As to the portion of the portfolio invested in ETFs and other investment companies, turnover
  may result in higher brokerage commissions, dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs. The Fund's investment
  style may result in most capital gains within the portfolio being realized as short-term capital gains.
- Preferred Stock Risk. The value of preferred stocks will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of preferred stock. Preferred stocks are also subject to credit risk, which is the possibility that an issuer of preferred stock will fail to make its dividend payments.
- REIT Risk. The Fund's investment exposure to REITs may subject the Fund to risks of declines in the value of real
  estate, changes in interest rates, lack of available mortgage funds or other limits on obtaining capital, overbuilding,
  extended vacancies of properties, increases in property taxes and operating expenses, changes in zoning laws and
  regulations, casualty or condemnation losses and tax consequences of the failure of a REIT to comply with tax law
  requirements. The Fund will bear a proportionate share of the REIT's ongoing operating fees and expenses, which
  may include management, operating and administrative expenses in addition to the expenses of the Fund.
- Small and Mid-Capitalization Company Risk. Investments in Underlying Funds that own securities of small- and mid-capitalization companies may be more vulnerable than larger, more established organizations to adverse business or economic developments. These companies often have narrower markets, fewer products, or services to offer and more limited managerial and financial resources than do larger, more established companies.

- Treasury Securities Risk. U.S. Treasury obligations may differ from other securities in their interest rates, maturities, times of issuance and other characteristics and may provide relatively lower returns than those of other securities. Similar to other issuers, changes to the financial condition or credit rating of the U.S. government may cause the value of the Fund's investment exposure to U.S. Treasury obligations to decline.
- Underlying Fund Risk. Each Underlying Fund is subject to specific risks, depending on its investments. Underlying
  Funds are also subject to investment advisory fees and other expenses, which are indirectly borne by the Fund. As
  a result, your overall cost of investing in the underlying stocks, bonds and other basic assets will be higher than the
  cost of investing directly in them, and may be higher than other mutual funds that invest directly in securities.

**Performance:** Because the Fund has less than a full calendar year of investment operations, no performance information is presented for the Fund at this time. In the future, performance information will be presented in this section of the Prospectus. Also, shareholder reports containing financial and performance information will be mailed to shareholders semi-annually. Updated performance information is available at no cost by calling 1-866-738-4363 or visiting www.SierraMutualFunds.com.

Investment Adviser: Ocean Park Asset Management, LLC (the "Adviser") is the Fund's investment adviser.

**Investment Adviser Portfolio Managers:** Kenneth L. Sleeper, MBA, PhD, Managing Director, Ryan Harder, CFA®, Chief Investment Strategist, Douglas A Loeffler, CFA®, Executive Vice President of Investment Management, and Marshall Quan, Portfolio Manager are the portfolio managers of the Fund. Dr. Sleeper, Mr. Harder, Mr. Loeffler and Mr. Quan have served the Fund as portfolio managers since it commenced operations in March 2023. Each portfolio manager is jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

**Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares:** For all Classes, the minimum initial investment is \$10,000 and the minimum subsequent investment is \$1,000. You may purchase and redeem shares of the Fund on any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open. Redemption requests may be made in writing, by telephone, or through a financial intermediary and will be paid by Automatic Clearing House ("ACH"), check or wire transfer. The Fund reserves the right to waive any investment minimum.

**Tax Information:** Dividends and capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund, whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Fund shares or receive them in cash, are taxable to you at either ordinary income or capital gains tax rates unless you are investing through a tax-deferred account such as an IRA or 401(k). However, these dividend and capital gain distributions may be taxable upon their eventual withdrawal from tax-deferred plans.

**Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries:** If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.